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- (3) A freestanding foreign graduate medical school, or a foreign institution that includes a foreign graduate medical school, must include in its application to participate—
- (i)(A) A list of all medical school educational sites and where they are located, including all sites at which its students receive clinical training, except those clinical training sites that are not used regularly, but instead are chosen by individual students who take no more than two electives at the location for no more than a total of eight weeks; and
- (B) The type of clinical training (core, required clinical rotation, not required clinical rotation) offered at each site listed on the application in accordance with paragraph (a)(3)(i)(A) of this section; and
 - (ii) Whether the school offers-
- (A) Only post-baccalaureate/equivalent medical programs, as defined in § 600.52;
- (B) Other types of programs that lead to employment as a doctor of osteopathic medicine or doctor of medicine; or
 - (C) Both; and
- (iii) Copies of the formal affiliation agreements with hospitals or clinics providing all or a portion of a clinical training program required under \\$600.55(e)(1).
 - (b) * * *
- (3) A freestanding foreign graduate medical school, or a foreign institution that includes a foreign graduate medical school, must include in its reapplication to participate—
- (i)(A) A list of all of the foreign graduate medical school's educational sites and where they are located, including all sites at which its students receive clinical training, except those clinical training sites that are not used regularly, but instead are chosen by individual students who take no more than two electives at the location for no more than a total of eight weeks; and
- (B) The type of clinical training (core, required clinical rotation, not required clinical rotation) offered at each site listed on the application in accordance with paragraph (b)(3)(i)(A) of this section; and
 - (ii) Whether the school offers—
- (A) Only post-baccalaureate/equivalent medical programs, as defined in §600.52;
- (B) Other types of programs that lead to employment as a doctor of osteopathic medicine or doctor of medicine; or
 - (C) Both; and
- (iii) Copies of the formal affiliation agreements with hospitals or clinics providing all or a portion of a clinical training program required under \\$600.55(e)(1).

* * * * *

- (c) * * *
- (5) For a freestanding foreign graduate medical school, or a foreign institution that includes a foreign graduate medical school, add a location that offers all or a portion of

the foreign graduate medical school's core clinical training or required clinical rotations, except for those locations that are included in the accreditation of a medical program accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or the American Osteopathic Association (AOA); or

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- (a) Reporting requirements. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, an eligible institution must report to the Secretary in a manner prescribed by the Secretary no later than 10 days after the change occurs, of any change in the following:
- (1) Its name, the name of a branch, or the name of a previously reported location
- (2) Its address, the address of a branch, or the address of a previously reported location.
- (3) Its establishment of an accredited and licensed additional location at which it offers or will offer 50 percent or more of an educational program if the institution wants to disburse title IV, HEA program funds to students enrolled at that location, under the provisions in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (4) Except as provided in 34 CFR 668.10, the way it measures program length (e.g., from clock hours to credit hours, or from semester hours to quarter hours).
- (5) A decrease in the level of program offering (*e.g.* the institution drops its graduate programs).
- (6) A person's ability to affect substantially the actions of the institution if that person did not previously have this ability. The Secretary considers a person to have this ability if the person—
- (i) Holds alone or together with another member or members of his or her family, at least a 25 percent "ownership interest" in the institution as defined in §600.31(b);
- (ii) Represents or holds, either alone or together with other persons, under a voting trust, power of attorney, proxy, or similar agreement at least a 25 percent "ownership interest" in the institution, as defined in §600.31(b); or
- (iii) Is a general partner, the chief executive officer, or chief financial officer of the institution.

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- (7) The individual the institution designates under 34 CFR 668.16(b)(1) as its title IV, HEA Program administrator.
- (8) The closure of a branch campus or additional location that the institution was required to report to the Secretary.
- (9) The governance of a public institution.
- (b) Additional reporting from institutions owned by publicly-traded corporations. An institution that is owned by a publicly-traded corporation must report to the Secretary any change in the information described in paragraph (a)(6) of this section when it notifies its accrediting agency, but no later than 10 days after the institution learns of the change.
- (c) Secretary's response to reporting. The Secretary notifies an institution if any reported changes affects the institution's eligibility, and the effective date of that change.
- (d) Disbursement rules related to additional locations. When an institution must report to the Secretary about an additional location under paragraph (a)(3) of this section, the institution may not disburse title IV, HEA funds to students at that location before it reports to the Secretary about that location. Unless it is an institution that must apply to the Secretary under \$600.20(c)(1), once it reports to the Secretary about that location, the institution may disburse those funds to those students if that location is licensed and accredited.
- (e) Consequence of failure to report. An institution's failure to inform the Secretary of a change described in paragraph (a) of this section within the time period stated in that paragraph may result in adverse action against the institution.
- (f) Definition. A family member includes a person's—
- (1) Parent or stepparent, sibling or step-sibling, spouse, child or stepchild, or grandchild or step-grandchild;
- (2) Spouse's parent or stepparent, sibling or step-sibling, child or stepchild, or grandchild or step-grandchild;
 - (3) Child's spouse; and

(4) Sibling's spouse.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–0012)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1001, 1002, 1088, and 1099c)

[65 FR 65673, Nov. 1, 2000, as amended at 67 FR 67070, Nov. 1, 2002; 71 FR 45692, Aug. 9, 2006]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 75 FR 67193, Nov. 1, 2011, §600.21 was amended by adding paragraph (a)(10), effective July 20, 2011. For the convenience of the user, the added text is set forth as follows:

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(a) * * *

(10) For a freestanding foreign graduate medical school, or a foreign institution that includes a foreign graduate medical school, the school adds a location that offers all or a portion of the school's clinical rotations that are not required, except for those that are included in the accreditation of a medical program accredited by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education (LCME) or the American Osteopathic Association (AOA), or that are not used regularly, but instead are chosen by individual students who take no more than two electives at the location for no more than a total of eight weeks.

Subpart C—Maintaining Eligibility

SOURCE: 59 FR 22336, Apr. 29, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

§ 600.30 [Reserved]

§ 600.31 Change in ownership resulting in a change in control for private nonprofit, private for-profit and public institutions.

(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, a private nonprofit, private for-profit, or public institution that undergoes a change in ownership that results in a change in control ceases to qualify as an eligible institution upon the change in ownership and control. A change in ownership that results in a change in control includes any change by which a person who has or thereby acquires an ownership interest in the entity that owns the institution or the parent corporation of that entity, acquires or loses the ability to control the institution.